# South Carolina Office of the State Treasurer 

Curtis M. Loftis, Jr.

## Annual State Debt Report

## An Overview and Summary of

 Debt Outstanding, Limitations, and Constraints As of June 30, 2021

THE HONORABLE CURTIS M. LOFTIS, JR.
State Treasurer


To Governor Henry McMaster, Members of the South Carolina General Assembly and the Citizens of South Carolina:

South Carolina continued to make steady progress in 2021, as the nation forged ahead in its efforts to manage the impacts of a global pandemic. With financial markets stabilizing as people returned to work, South Carolina's state and local governments continued to serve the citizens. Unemployment numbers gradually declined toward pre-pandemic numbers, although employers in certain sectors continued to struggle to find workers, especially in the hard-hit tourism and service areas.

Fortunately, the State has received $\$ 13.8$ billion in federal relief funds, through the CARES Act and American Relief Program funds. The General Assembly along with local governments and public school districts will have an opportunity to make significant investments that can benefit our state and people for decades to come if wise choices are made.

This year the State Treasurer's Office facilitated 12 debt issuances for eight public agencies totaling $\$ 507,625,000$ in General Obligation and Revenue Bond transactions. These deals generated $\$ 20$ million in net present value savings.

Each year, my Office provides an Annual State Debt Report to present an overview and summary of South Carolina's debt capacity, constraints and limitations as of the fiscal year just ended. We have also included an infographic and a Legal Margin Summary Document that depicts the debt classes and category limitations. Please accept this edition of that report for the period ending June 30, 2021.

The information provided in this report is part of our ongoing efforts to furnish government officials, taxpayers and investors a transparent view of the State's long-term financial obligations, borrowing capacity for the future and compliance with the limitations imposed by our constitution and other laws.

It is an honor to represent the State of South Carolina as your State Treasurer.
Respectfully yours,

Curtis M. Loftis, Jr.
South Carolina Treasurer

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## Executive Summary

The purpose of the Annual State Debt Report is to provide transparency and guidance to the citizens and policymakers of the State of South Carolina. The debt report provides information relating to the current debt position of the State, the effect of such debt on the State's financial position, and the State's ability to borrow and fund capital improvement and economic development projects necessary to facilitate South Carolina's continued growth.

The State of South Carolina's conservative governance and financial management
have earned the State strong credit ratings (shown in Figure 1 to the right) which translates to low interest rates on the state's general obligation borrowings.

Figure 1:

| Rating Agency | Rating | Outlook |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Fitch Ratings | AAA | Stable |
| Moody's Investors <br> Service | Aaa | Stable |
| S\&P Global Ratings | AA+ | Stable |

The Debt Management Division of the South Carolina Treasurer's Office is responsible for managing the borrowings of the State, its agencies and certain authorities. Generally, these borrowings are used to finance authorized construction projects or refinance a previous borrowing to generate debt service savings.


In Fiscal Year 2020-2021, the South Carolina Treasurer's Office successfully:
> Maintained the State's strong credit ratings
$>$ Issued $\$ 507.6$ million dollars in combined General Obligation and Revenue Bonds, and
> Generated over $\$ 20.4$ million dollars in net present value savings for the State and its entities by means of refunding outstanding bonds

## General Obligation Bonds

General obligation ("G.O.") debt of the State of South Carolina is backed by the full faith and credit of the State. As set forth in the Constitution of the State of South Carolina (the "Constitution"), G.O. authorizations are implemented by legislative act, and each enactment must contain provisions, among others, to allocate on an annual basis sufficient tax revenue to provide for the punctual payment of the principal of and interest on any G.O. debt. The Constitution also provides that if at any time any payment due on any G.O. debt is not paid when it is due, the Comptroller General must levy and the State Treasurer must collect an ad valorem tax, without limit as to rate or amount upon all taxable property in the State, sufficient to meet the payment of the principal and interest of the G.O. debt then due.

The South Carolina Treasurer's Office is responsible for the timely payment of principal and interest (along with associated fees) for all outstanding G.O. and most revenue debt categories issued by the state and its agencies. Systems are maintained to manage amortization schedules for each category of debt managed by the South Carolina Treasurer's Office. Funds are appropriated annually by the General Assembly to meet the annual G.O. debt service requirements through the State's General Fund. In addition to the General Fund appropriation, debt service is funded through transfers of revenues from State Agencies from specific revenue sources pledged to the repayment of outstanding bonded debt.

As such, the State's G.O. debt is paid from one of two sources:

1) Annual appropriations by the General Assembly ("Appropriation-funded"), or
2) Separately dedicated revenues ("Self-supported")

Appropriation-funded G.O. debt issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2021 totaled $\$ 180,430,000$. This debt consists of the following:

| Bond Type | Principal |
| :--- | ---: |
| G.O. Capital Improvement Bonds | \$ |
| G.o. State School Facilities Bonds | - |
| G.O. Economic Development Bonds | $143,115,000$ |
| G.O. Research University Infrastructure Bonds | $21,715,000$ |
| G.O. Air Carrier Hub Bonds | $15,600,000$ |
| Total Appropriation-Supported G.O. Bonds | $\$ 180,430,000$ |

Self-supported G.O. debt issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2021 totaled \$518,980,000. This category of debt consists of the following:

| Bond Type | Principal |
| :--- | ---: |
| G.O. State Institution Bonds | $\$ 474,580,000$ |
| G.O. State Highway Bonds | $23,520,000$ |
| G.O. Transportation Infrastructure Bonds | $20,880,000$ |
| Total Self-Supported G.O. Bonds | $\$ 518,980,000$ |

As shown in the graph titled "Outstanding Principal" in Figure 2 below, the State's G.O. bonds amortize quickly, with a 10-year pay-out ratio of 85\%. Appropriation-supported G.O. debt fully matures by Fiscal Year 2029, and self-supported G.O. debt fully matures by Fiscal Year 2040. All issued and outstanding G.O. debt of the state is fixed rate debt. The graph titled "Debt Service Requirements" in Figure 3 below shows the annual required principal and interest payments associated with the G.O. debt. Those annual payments generally decrease over time.

Figure 2:
Outstanding Principal


Figure 3:


## Credit Ratings

The State of South Carolina's conservative governance and financial management continue to generate high ratings on its G.O. debt, enabling the state to continue to secure low interest rates on its G.O. borrowings. After the most recent rating agency review in December 2020, the State's G.O. ratings were affirmed at AAA (Fitch Ratings), Aaa (Moody's), and AA+ (S\&P Global Ratings). All three rating agencies assigned a Stable outlook to the State's G.O. ratings.

Common themes from the rating agency reports include the following ${ }^{1}$ :
> Conservative financial management practices
> Low tax-supported debt burden
> Substantial reserves
> Revenue growth
> Balanced operations
> Diligent financial monitoring
> Notable unfunded pension liabilities (expected to improve with newly required annual contributions under 2017 legislation)
> Growing unfunded post-employment benefit ("OPEB") obligations
While all three rating agencies have their own specific methodologies for analyzing state credits, the overarching concerns and factors are similar. Moody's Investors Service details the State's credit rating using its scorecard that breaks the analysis into four factors: 1) economy, 2) finances, 3) governance, and 4) debt and pension. Figure 4 shows the results of the agency's most recent review of the State:

Figure 4:

| Broad Rating Factors | Factor Weighting | Rating Subfactors | Measure | Score |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Economy | 25\% | Per Capita Income Relative to US Average | 80.4\% | Aa |
|  |  | Nominal Gross Domestic Product (\$ billions) | \$247.5 | Aaa |
| Finances | 30\% | Structural Balance | Aaa | Aaa |
|  |  | Fixed Costs / State Own-Source Revenue | 9.4\% | Aa |
|  |  | Liquidity and Fund Balance | Aaa | Aaa |
| Governance | 20\% | Governance / Constitutional Framework | Aaa | Aaa |
| Debt and Pensions | 25\% | (Moody's ANPL + Net Tax-Supported Debt) / State GDP | 12.3\% | Aa |
| Total | 100\% |  |  | Aaa |

Source: Moody's Investors Service, "South Carolina (State of) Update to credit analysis", January 11, 2021
The State's nominal GDP, structural balance (recurring revenues compared to recurring expenses), available reserves and strong financial management are the major factors that earned the State the highest credit rating attainable from Moody's.

[^1]
## Debt Ratios

While the aforementioned rating scorecard summarizes the broader approach that Moody's takes when analyzing the State's credit, there are several more detailed metrics the rating agencies examine during the rating process. Figure 5 compares the State to a handful of its Aaa rated peers to give a frame of reference for the State's metrics (as of June 30, 2020).

Figure 5:

| Metric | South <br> Carolina | Georgia | Maryland | North <br> Carolina | Tennessee |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | Virginia

Source: Moody's MFRA (Analyst Adjusted Data), February 22, 2022
Within this peer set, the State's:
> Debt ratios compare favorably to a majority of the State's Aaa peers
$>$ Population and per capita income are lower than the same for these peers
> Reserve levels compare favorably to all of the these peers
> The State's pension liability is among the highest of its peers'

## Revenues Available to Pay Debt Service

As shown above, the State's Debt Service Ratio (the ratio of debt service to operating revenues) is $2 \%$ - a better position than 35 other states. The South Carolina Board of Economic Advisors ("BEA") expects the State to see continued economic growth. FY 2020-21 final revenues were significantly higher than estimated in April, providing a higher base for revising FY 2021-22. FY 2021-22 actual collections through October continue to exceed historical growth rates.
> Actual FY 2021 General Fund revenues were $\$ 11.1$ billion, reflecting annual growth of $13.2 \%$ over FY 2020 and surpassing the BEA forecast by $\$ 1.03$ billion
> As of November 10, 2021, FY 2022 General Fund revenues were forecasted at $\$ 10.9$ billion
> Actual FY 2022 General Fund revenues through December 2021 were $\$ 626.7$ million above the year-to-date forecast primarily due to:

- Stronger sales tax revenues
- Stronger individual income tax revenues
- Stronger corporate income tax revenues

The State has made significant and sustained progress in addressing the COVID-19 pandemic. In total, the State will receive $\$ 13.8$ billion in federal relief funds:
$>\$ 2.7$ billion in Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) funding
$>\$ 194$ million in Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA) funding
> $\$ 11$ million in Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental Appropriations Act (CPRSA) funding
> $\$ 120$ million in Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act (PPPHCEA) funding
> $\$ 1.87$ billion in Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSAA) funding
> $\$ 8.879$ billion in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding
Since 2011, the State has recruited more than $\$ 42.3$ billion in capital investment, representing more than 145,000 new jobs

## Statutory Compliance

The body of the Annual State Debt Report will provide further detail on the State's bonded indebtedness, authorized debt margins, and annual debt service requirements.

## Authorized Debt Overview

The State is authorized to incur indebtedness in the following categories and in no others:
> General obligation debt
$>$ Revenue bonds (payable solely from a revenue producing project or from a non-tax special source)

A summary of the general obligation and revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2021, and the available authorized margins, where applicable, (and further detailed herein) is shown in Figures 6 and 7. Most G.O. margins are defined in terms of maximum annual debt service ("MADS"), or the largest amount of principal and interest due in any future fiscal year.

Figure 6:

## G.O. Bonds

| Category |  | Principal Outstanding | MADS | MADS Limit |  | Legal Debt Service Margin | \% of MADS Limit Used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.0\% G.0. Bonds | \$ | 74,790,000 | \$ 20,817,950 | \$ 458,412,350 |  | \$ 437,594,400 | 4.5\% |
| 0.5\% State Economic Development Bonds |  | 28,110,000 | 4,228,650 | 45,841,235 |  | 41,612,585 | 9.2\% |
| 5.5\% G.O. Bonds |  | 102,900,000 | 25,033,375 | 504,253,585 |  | 479,220,210 | 5.0\% |
| 0.5\% State Research University Infrastructure Bonds |  | 21,715,000 | 4,801,250 | 45,841,235 |  | 41,039,985 | 10.5\% |
| 6.0\% G.0. Bonds |  | 124,615,000 | 29,797,900 | 550,094,820 |  | 520,296,920 | 5.4\% |
| State Highway Bonds |  | 23,520,000 | 13,899,750 | 114,736,650 | 1 | 100,836,900 | 12.1\% |
| Econ Dev Bonds Subject to \$170mm Fixed Principal Limit ${ }^{2}$ |  | 76,695,000 | 29,960,250 | N/A |  | 93,305,000 | 45.1\% |
| State Institution Bonds ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Citadel |  | 30,505,000 | 2,360,050 | 3,073,375 |  | 713,325 | 76.8\% |
| Clemson |  | 195,295,000 | 18,620,063 | 45,349,672 |  | 26,729,610 | 41.1\% |
| Coastal Carolina |  | 6,415,000 | 1,273,250 | 1,278,000 |  | 4,750 | 99.6\% |
| Lander |  | 15,185,000 | 2,315,400 | 2,315,400 |  | - | 100.0\% |
| Midlands Technical College |  | 20,735,000 | 2,649,950 | 2,812,290 |  | 162,340 | 94.2\% |
| Medical University of SC (MUSC) |  | 44,895,000 | 4,804,575 | 4,804,575 |  | 0 | 100.0\% |
| South Carolina State |  | 13,115,000 | 2,187,600 | 2,187,600 |  | 0 | 100.0\% |
| University of South Carolina |  | 128,040,000 | 18,122,194 | 31,965,565 |  | 13,843,372 | 56.7\% |
| Winthrop |  | 20,395,000 | 4,808,300 | 4,808,300 |  | - | 100.0\% |
| Total Outstanding State Institution Bonds |  | 474,580,000 |  |  |  |  |  |

1 - MADS is limited to $15 \%$ of revenues designated by the General Assembly for state highway purposes
2 - Subject to $\$ 170$ million outstanding principal limitation
3 - Capacity is expressed in terms of principal amount (not MADS)
4 - MADS is limited to $90 \%$ of Tuition Deposits from the immediately preceding fiscal year

Figure 7:

## Revenue Bonds

| Category | Principal <br> Outstanding |
| :--- | ---: |
| State Transportation Infrastructure Revenue Bonds | 1,330,545,000 |
| Auxiliary Revenue Bonds and Notes for Institutions of Higher Learning |  |
| The Citadel - Higher Education Revenue Bonds | $6,975,000$ |
| The Citadel - Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds | $8,495,000$ |
| Clemson University - Higher Education Revenue Bonds | $261,065,000$ |
| Clemson University - Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds | $124,850,000$ |
| College of Charleston - Higher Education Revenue Bonds | $59,150,000$ |
| College of Charleston - Academic \& Admin Facilities Revenue Bonds | $119,165,000$ |
| Coastal Carolina University - Revenue Bonds | $177,634,405$ |
| Francis Marion University - Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds | $4,865,000$ |
| $\quad$ University of South Carolina - Higher Education Revenue Bonds | $390,310,000$ |
| University of South Carolina - Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds | $162,830,000$ |
| Winthrop University - Higher Education Revenue Bonds | $3,190,000$ |
| Winthrop University - Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds | $19,465,000$ |
| Medical University of South Carolina - Higher Education Revenue Bonds | $1,337,994,405$ |
| Total Outstanding Auxiliary Revenue Bonds \& Notes | $1,099,974,000$ |
| State Ports Authority Revenue Bonds | $10,025,000$ |
| State Education Assistance Auth Guaranteed Student Loan Revenue Bonds | $818,502,178$ |
| The Medical University of SC Hospital Facilities Revenue Bonds | $6,645,247,000$ |
| SC Public Service Authority Revenue Bonds ${ }^{1}$ | $675,850,115$ |
| State Housing Finance and Development Authority Revenue Bonds | $138,160,675$ |
| Educational Facilities Auth for Private Nonprofit Institutions of Higher Learning | $32,755,000$ |
| Lease Revenue Bonds | $\$ 12,089,053,373$ |
| Total Outstanding Revenue Bonds |  |
| 1 Principal outstanding as of 12/31/20 |  |



## General Obligation Debt

## Constitutional Debt Limit: <br> Maximum Annual Debt Service $\leq 5 \%$ of General Fund Revenues

Constitutional provisions generally limit maximum annual debt service ("MADS") to 5\% of the general revenues ${ }^{2}$ of the State for the latest completed fiscal year (excluding state highway bonds, state institution bonds, and tax and bond anticipation notes). The 5\% limitation may be reduced to as low as $4 \%$ or increased to as high as $7 \%$ by legislative enactment passed by a vote of $2 / 3$ of the total membership of the House of Representatives.

The debt may only be incurred for a public purpose and must mature not later than 30 years from issuance.

The general assembly has authorized by enactment classes of bonds collectively subject to the 5\% limitation:
> State School Bonds
> State Capital Improvement Bonds
> State School Facilities
Figure 8:

> State Transportation Infrastructure Bonds
> State Air Carrier Hub Terminal Facilities Bonds
$>$ State Economic Development Bonds
Figure 9:


| FYE 6/30 | Principal | Interest | Debt Service |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2022 | $\$ 17,765,000$ | $\$ 2,908,825$ | $\$ 20,673,825$ |
| 2023 | $18,650,000$ | $2,008,325$ | $20,658,325$ |
| 2024 | $19,755,000$ | $1,062,950$ | $20,817,950$ |
| 2025 | $9,650,000$ | 501,725 | $10,151,725$ |
| 2026 | $3,185,000$ | 269,100 | $3,454,100$ |
| 2027 | $3,325,000$ | 173,550 | $3,498,550$ |
| 2028 | $2,460,000$ | 73,800 | $2,533,800$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{\$ 7 4 , 7 9 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 , 9 9 8 , 2 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 1 , 7 8 8} \mathbf{2 7 5}$ |

[^2]
## State Economic Development Bonds

## Constitutional Debt Limit: <br> Maximum Annual Debt Service $\leq 0.5 \%$ of General Fund Revenues

In 2002, the General Assembly acted to increase the debt limit to $5.5 \%$ for the purpose of issuing economic development bonds. The resulting State Economic Development Bond Act limits maximum annual debt service ("MADS") on the additionally authorized general obligation Economic Development Bonds to $0.5 \%$ of general fund revenues ${ }^{3}$ of the State for the immediately preceding fiscal year.

Qualified projects funded by these bonds must include:
> At least a $\$ 400$ million total sponsor investment and at least 400 new jobs created by the sponsor;
> In the case of a Life Sciences Facility, at least a $\$ 100$ million total sponsor investment and at least 200 new jobs created by the sponsor with annual cash compensation of at least twice the State's average per capita income;
> Tourism training infrastructure projects; or
> National and international convention and trade show centers.

Figure 10:


| Legal Debt Service Margin Calculation |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| FY 2020 Budgetary General Fund Revenues (BGFR) | $\$ 9,179,224,000$ |
| Less: FY 2020 BGFR pledged for highway bonds | $(10,977,000)$ |
| FY 2020 net BGFR | $\$ 9,168,247,000$ |
|  |  |
| 0.5\% of FY 2020 net BGFR | $\$ 45,841,235$ |
| Less: MADS for 0.5\% Debt Limitation | $(4,228,650)$ |
| 6/30/2021 Legal Debt Service Margin | $\$ 41,612,585$ |

Figure 11:
Annual Debt Service Requirements


| FYE 6/30 | Principal | Interest | Debt Service |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2022 | $\$ 2,920,000$ | $\$ 1,299,800$ | $\$ 4,219,800$ |
| 2023 | $3,065,000$ | $1,153,800$ | $4,218,800$ |
| 2024 | $3,265,000$ | 950,425 | $4,215,425$ |
| 2025 | $3,440,000$ | 784,175 | $4,224,175$ |
| 2026 | $3,615,000$ | 609,300 | $4,224,300$ |
| 2027 | $3,790,000$ | 437,350 | $4,227,350$ |
| 2028 | $3,910,000$ | 318,650 | $4,228,650$ |
| 2029 | $4,105,000$ | 123,150 | $4,228,150$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{\$ 2 8 , 1 1 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 , 6 7 6 , 6 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 3 3}, \mathbf{7 8 6}, 650$ |

[^3]
## State Research University Infrastructure Bonds

## Constitutional Debt Limit:

Maximum Annual Debt Service $\leq 0.5 \%$ of General Fund Revenues

In 2004, the General Assembly acted to increase the debt limit to $6.00 \%$ for the purpose of issuing research university infrastructure bonds. The resulting South Carolina Research University Act limits maximum annual debt service ("MADS") on general obligation Research University Infrastructure Bonds to 0.5\% of general fund revenues ${ }^{4}$ of the State for the immediately preceding fiscal year. A maximum of $\$ 250$ million may be outstanding at any time.

These bonds can be issued to:
> Advance economic development and create a knowledge-based economy, in order to:

- Increase job opportunities;
- Facilitate/increase externally funded research by way of acquisition or construction of land buildings, equipment, furnishings, site preparation, road and highway improvements, and water and sewer infrastructure.

Figure 12:


Legal Debt Service Margin Calculation

| FY 2020 Budgetary General Fund Revenues (BGFR) | $\$ 9,179,224,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Less: FY 2020 BGFR pledged for highway bonds | $(10,977,000)$ |
| FY 2020 net BGFR | $\$ 9,168,247,000$ |
|  |  |
|  | $\$ 45,841,235$ |
| 0.5\% of FY 2020 net BGFR | $(4,801,250)$ |
| Less: MADS for 0.5\% Debt Limitation | $\$ 41,039,985$ |

Figure 13:


| FYE 6/30 | Principal | Interest | Debt Service |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2022 | $\$ 3,870,000$ | $\$ 915,400$ | $\$ 4,785,400$ |
| 2023 | $4,055,000$ | 717,275 | $4,772,275$ |
| 2024 | $4,255,000$ | 509,525 | $4,764,525$ |
| 2025 | $4,505,000$ | 296,250 | $4,801,250$ |
| 2026 | $1,185,000$ | 171,575 | $1,356,575$ |
| 2027 | $1,230,000$ | 129,200 | $1,359,200$ |
| 2028 | $1,280,000$ | 79,000 | $1,359,000$ |
| 2029 | $1,335,000$ | 26,700 | $1,361,700$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{\$ 2 1 , 7 1 5 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 8 4 4 , 9 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 4 , 5 5 9 , 9 2 5}$ |

[^4]
## State Highway Bonds

## Constitutional Debt Limit:

Maximum Annual Debt Service $\leq 15 \%$ of State Highway-Designated Revenues

The constitution provides for the issuance of general obligation State Highway Bonds if the debt is additionally secured by a pledge of revenues designated by the General Assembly for state highway purposes from any and all taxes or licenses imposed upon individuals or vehicles for the privilege of using the public highways of the state. The maximum annual debt service ("MADS") must not exceed 15\% of those revenues designated by the General Assembly for state highway purposes ${ }^{5}$ for the immediately preceding fiscal year.

Figure 14:
6/30/2021 Legal Debt Service Margin


Legal Debt Service Margin Calculation

| FY 2020 BGFR pledged for highways | $\$ 10,977,000$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Plus: FY 2020 other revenues pledged for highways | $\$ 753,934,000$ |
| FY 2020 revenues pledged for highways | $\$ 764,911,000$ |
|  |  |

Figure 15:


[^5]
## State Economic Development Bonds

## Debt Limit Imposed by Authorizing Legislation: Outstanding Principal $\leq \$ 170$ million

In October 2009, legislation was approved by $2 / 3$ of the members of each House of the General Assembly authorizing additional general obligation economic development bonds, with such bonds limited to a principal amount not exceeding $\$ 170$ million at any time, provided that no more than $\$ 170$ million may be used for any one project. These bonds are not subject to the state constitutional debt service limit.

Figure 16:


Legal Principal Margin Calculation

| Legal Principal Margin Calculation |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fixed Principal Economic Development Bonds Limit | $\$ 170,000,000$ |
| Less: Fixed Principal Economic Dev Bonds Outstanding | $(76,695,000)$ |
| $\mathbf{6 / 3 0 / 2 0 2 1}$ Legal Principal Margin | $\mathbf{\$ 9 3 , 3 0 5 , 0 0 0}$ |

Figure 17:


| FYE 6/30 | Principal | Interest | Debt Service |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2022 | $\$ 24,575,000$ | $\$ 3,834,750$ | $\$ 28,409,750$ |
| 2023 | $7,215,000$ | $2,606,000$ | $9,821,000$ |
| 2024 | $27,715,000$ | $2,245,250$ | $29,960,250$ |
| 2025 | $17,190,000$ | 859,500 | $18,049,500$ |
| Total | $\$ 76,695,000$ | $\mathbf{\$ 9 , 5 4 5 , 5 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 6 , 2 4 0 , 5 0 0}$ |

## State Institution Bonds

## Debt Limit Imposed by Authorizing Legislation:

Maximum Annual Debt Service $\leq 90 \%$ of the institution's tuition fees

General obligation debt in the form of State Institution Bonds may be incurred for any state institution of higher learning designated by the General Assembly if the debt is additionally secured by tuition fees of the institution for which the bonds are issued. Maximum Annual Debt Service ("MADS") may not exceed $90 \%$ of the amounts received by the state institution from tuition fees for the immediately preceding fiscal year.

Bonds may be issued for permanent improvement and related purposes.

Figure 18:


Figure 19:



Figure 20:

| State Institution | 6/30/2021 <br> Principal Outstanding |  | 6/30/2021 <br> Tuition <br> Deposits |  | 90\% of Tuition Deposits |  |  | MADS | Legal Debt Service Margin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clemson | \$ | 195,295,000 | \$ | 50,388,525 | \$ | 45,349,672 | \$ | 18,620,063 | \$ | 26,729,610 |
| Citadel | \$ | 30,505,000 | \$ | 3,414,861 | \$ | 3,073,375 | \$ | 2,360,050 | \$ | 713,325 |
| Coastal Carolina | \$ | 6,415,000 | \$ | 1,420,000 | \$ | 1,278,000 | \$ | 1,273,250 | \$ | 4,750 |
| Lander | \$ | 15,185,000 | \$ | 2,572,667 | \$ | 2,315,400 | \$ | 2,315,400 | \$ | 0 |
| Midlands Technical College | \$ | 20,735,000 | \$ | 3,124,766 | \$ | 2,812,290 | \$ | 2,649,950 | \$ | 162,340 |
| Medical University of SC (MUSC) | \$ | 44,895,000 | \$ | 5,338,417 | \$ | 4,804,575 | \$ | 4,804,575 | \$ | 0 |
| South Carolina State | \$ | 13,115,000 | \$ | 2,430,667 | \$ | 2,187,600 | \$ | 2,187,600 | \$ | 0 |
| University of South Carolina | \$ | 128,040,000 | \$ | 35,517,295 | \$ | 31,965,565 | \$ | 18,122,194 | \$ | 13,843,372 |
| Winthrop | \$ | 20,395,000 | \$ | 5,342,556 | \$ | 4,808,300 | \$ | 4,808,300 | \$ | 0 |

Figure 21:

## Debt Service by Institution ${ }^{6}$

| Citadel |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| FY Ending |  |  |  |  |
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Debt Service |  |
| 2022 | $\$$ | $1,005,000$ | $\$$ | $1,350,050$ |
| 2023 |  | $1,060,000$ | $1,299,800$ | $2,355,050$ |
| 2024 | $1,110,000$ | $1,246,800$ | $2,359,800$ |  |
| 2025 | $1,165,000$ | $1,191,300$ | $2,356,800$ |  |
| 2026 | $1,225,000$ | $1,133,050$ | $2,358,050$ |  |
| 2027 | $1,285,000$ | $1,071,800$ | $2,356,800$ |  |
| 2028 | $1,350,000$ | $1,007,550$ | $2,357,550$ |  |
| 2029 | $1,420,000$ | 940,050 | $2,360,050$ |  |
| 2030 | $1,490,000$ | 869,050 | $2,359,050$ |  |
| 2031 | $1,565,000$ | 794,550 | $2,359,550$ |  |
| 2032 | $1,640,000$ | 716,300 | $2,356,300$ |  |
| 2033 | $1,725,000$ | 634,300 | $2,359,300$ |  |
| 2034 | $1,810,000$ | 548,050 | $2,358,050$ |  |
| 2035 | $1,900,000$ | 457,550 | $2,357,550$ |  |
| 2036 | $1,995,000$ | 362,550 | $2,357,550$ |  |
| 2037 | $2,095,000$ | 262,800 | $2,357,800$ |  |
| 2038 | $2,155,000$ | 199,950 | $2,354,950$ |  |
| 2039 | $2,220,000$ | 135,300 | $2,355,300$ |  |
| 2040 | $2,290,000$ | 68,700 | $2,358,700$ |  |
| Total | $\$$ | $30,505,000$ | $\$$ | $14,289,500$ |
|  |  |  |  | $44,794,500$ |


| Clemson |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending June 30 |  | Principal |  | Interest |  | bt Service |
| 2022 | \$ | 10,980,000 | \$ | 7,631,763 | \$ | 18,611,763 |
| 2023 |  | 11,530,000 |  | 7,082,763 |  | 18,612,763 |
| 2024 |  | 12,110,000 |  | 6,506,263 |  | 18,616,263 |
| 2025 |  | 12,715,000 |  | 5,900,763 |  | 18,615,763 |
| 2026 |  | 13,350,000 |  | 5,265,013 |  | 18,615,013 |
| 2027 |  | 14,005,000 |  | 4,615,063 |  | 18,620,063 |
| 2028 |  | 14,595,000 |  | 4,019,463 |  | 18,614,463 |
| 2029 |  | 15,195,000 |  | 3,415,913 |  | 18,610,913 |
| 2030 |  | 15,265,000 |  | 3,043,825 |  | 18,308,825 |
| 2031 |  | 15,405,000 |  | 2,400,125 |  | 17,805,125 |
| 2032 |  | 11,010,000 |  | 1,844,269 |  | 12,854,269 |
| 2033 |  | 11,195,000 |  | 1,509,294 |  | 12,704,294 |
| 2034 |  | 11,395,000 |  | 1,164,231 |  | 12,559,231 |
| 2035 |  | 9,215,000 |  | 808,319 |  | 10,023,319 |
| 2036 |  | 9,340,000 |  | 528,200 |  | 9,868,200 |
| 2037 |  | 5,815,000 |  | 239,700 |  | 6,054,700 |
| 2038 |  | 835,000 |  | 65,250 |  | 900,250 |
| 2039 |  | 860,000 |  | 40,200 |  | 900,200 |
| 2040 |  | 480,000 |  | 14,400 |  | 494,400 |
| Total | \$ | 195,295,000 | \$ | 56,094,813 | \$ | 251,389,813 |

[^6]| Coastal Carolina |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending June 30 | Principal |  | Interest |  | Debt Service |  |
| 2022 | \$ | 935,000 | \$ | 320,750 | \$ | 1,255,750 |
| 2023 |  | 985,000 |  | 274,000 |  | 1,259,000 |
| 2024 |  | 1,035,000 |  | 224,750 |  | 1,259,750 |
| 2025 |  | 1,095,000 |  | 173,000 |  | 1,268,000 |
| 2026 |  | 1,155,000 |  | 118,250 |  | 1,273,250 |
| 2027 |  | 1,210,000 |  | 60,500 |  | 1,270,500 |
| 2028 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2029 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2030 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2031 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2032 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2033 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2034 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2035 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2036 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2037 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2038 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2039 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2040 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 6,415,000 | \$ | 1,171,250 | \$ | 7,586,250 |


| Lander |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending June 30 |  | Principal |  | Interest |  | t Service |
| 2022 | \$ | 1,580,000 | \$ | 579,025 | \$ | 2,159,025 |
| 2023 |  | 1,660,000 |  | 499,150 |  | 2,159,150 |
| 2024 |  | 1,725,000 |  | 437,725 |  | 2,162,725 |
| 2025 |  | 1,810,000 |  | 349,650 |  | 2,159,650 |
| 2026 |  | 1,865,000 |  | 291,925 |  | 2,156,925 |
| 2027 |  | 2,095,000 |  | 219,900 |  | 2,314,900 |
| 2028 |  | 2,180,000 |  | 134,400 |  | 2,314,400 |
| 2029 |  | 2,270,000 |  | 45,400 |  | 2,315,400 |
| 2030 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2031 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2032 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2033 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2034 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2035 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2036 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2037 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2038 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2039 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2040 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 15,185,000 | \$ | 2,557,175 | \$ | 17,742,175 |

Debt Service by Institution, continued ${ }^{7}$

| Midlands Technical College |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| FY Ending |  |  |  |  |
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Debt Service |  |
| 2022 | $\$$ | $1,645,000$ | $\$$ | 990,950 |
| \$ | $2,635,950$ |  |  |  |
| 2023 | $1,735,000$ | 908,700 | $2,643,700$ |  |
| 2024 | $1,825,000$ | 821,950 | $2,646,950$ |  |
| 2025 | $1,915,000$ | 730,700 | $2,645,700$ |  |
| 2026 | $2,015,000$ | 634,950 | $2,649,950$ |  |
| 2027 | $2,110,000$ | 534,200 | $2,644,200$ |  |
| 2028 | $1,120,000$ | 428,700 | $1,548,700$ |  |
| 2029 | $1,175,000$ | 372,700 | $1,547,700$ |  |
| 2030 | $1,240,000$ | 313,950 | $1,553,950$ |  |
| 2031 | $1,300,000$ | 251,950 | $1,551,950$ |  |
| 2032 | 430,000 | 186,950 | 616,950 |  |
| 2033 | 450,000 | 165,450 | 615,450 |  |
| 2034 | 470,000 | 142,950 | 612,950 |  |
| 2035 | 495,000 | 119,450 | 614,450 |  |
| 2036 | 520,000 | 94,700 | 614,700 |  |
| 2037 | 545,000 | 68,700 | 613,700 |  |
| 2038 | 565,000 | 52,350 | 617,350 |  |
| 2039 | 580,000 | 35,400 | 615,400 |  |
| 2040 | 600,000 | 18,000 | 618,000 |  |
| Total | $\$$ | $20,735,000$ | $\$$ | $6,872,700$ |


| Medical University of SC (MUSC) |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| FY Ending |  |  |  |
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Debt Service |
| 2022 | $\$$ | $2,910,000$ | $\$$ |
| 2023 | $3,040,000$ | $1,894,575$ | $\$$ |
| 2024 | $3,170,000$ | $1,749,075$ | $4,804,575$ |
| 2025 | $2,445,000$ | $1,475,650$ | 4,075 |
| 2026 | $2,565,000$ | $1,353,400$ | $3,920,650$ |
| 2027 | $2,705,000$ | $1,225,150$ | $3,918,400$ |
| 2028 | $2,835,000$ | $1,089,900$ | $3,924,900$ |
| 2029 | $2,985,000$ | 948,150 | $3,933,150$ |
| 2030 | $3,105,000$ | 824,900 | $3,929,900$ |
| 2031 | $3,240,000$ | 696,350 | $3,936,350$ |
| 2032 | $2,190,000$ | 561,950 | $2,751,950$ |
| 2033 | $2,270,000$ | 480,850 | $2,750,850$ |
| 2034 | $2,355,000$ | 396,550 | $2,751,550$ |
| 2035 | $2,440,000$ | 308,900 | $2,748,900$ |
| 2036 | $2,530,000$ | 217,900 | $2,747,900$ |
| 2037 | 985,000 | 123,300 | $1,108,300$ |
| 2038 | $1,010,000$ | 93,750 | $1,103,750$ |
| 2039 | $1,040,000$ | 63,450 | $1,103,450$ |
| 2040 | $1,075,000$ | 32,250 | $1,107,250$ |
| Total | $\$$ | $44,895,000$ | $\$$ |
|  |  | $15,149,325$ | $\$$ |
|  |  |  |  |

[^7]| South Carolina State |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending June 30 | Principal |  | Interest |  | Debt Service |  |
| 2022 | \$ | 1,660,000 | \$ | 524,600 | \$ | 2,184,600 |
| 2023 |  | 1,725,000 |  | 458,200 |  | 2,183,200 |
| 2024 |  | 1,795,000 |  | 389,200 |  | 2,184,200 |
| 2025 |  | 1,870,000 |  | 317,400 |  | 2,187,400 |
| 2026 |  | 1,945,000 |  | 242,600 |  | 2,187,600 |
| 2027 |  | 2,020,000 |  | 164,800 |  | 2,184,800 |
| 2028 |  | 2,100,000 |  | 84,000 |  | 2,184,000 |
| 2029 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2030 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2031 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2032 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2033 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2034 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2035 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2036 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2037 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2038 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2039 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2040 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 13,115,000 | \$ | 2,180,800 | \$ | 15,295,800 |


| University of South Carolina |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending June 30 | Principal |  | Interest |  | Debt Service |  |
| 2022 | \$ | 12,720,000 | \$ | 5,402,194 | \$ | 18,122,194 |
| 2023 |  | 10,935,000 |  | 4,766,194 |  | 15,701,194 |
| 2024 |  | 10,300,000 |  | 4,252,144 |  | 14,552,144 |
| 2025 |  | 10,355,000 |  | 3,749,394 |  | 14,104,394 |
| 2026 |  | 10,915,000 |  | 3,231,644 |  | 14,146,644 |
| 2027 |  | 7,400,000 |  | 2,693,944 |  | 10,093,944 |
| 2028 |  | 7,760,000 |  | 2,332,344 |  | 10,092,344 |
| 2029 |  | 8,125,000 |  | 1,961,844 |  | 10,086,844 |
| 2030 |  | 7,895,000 |  | 1,639,294 |  | 9,534,294 |
| 2031 |  | 8,205,000 |  | 1,328,431 |  | 9,533,431 |
| 2032 |  | 6,945,000 |  | 1,054,981 |  | 7,999,981 |
| 2033 |  | 7,160,000 |  | 838,631 |  | 7,998,631 |
| 2034 |  | 7,395,000 |  | 609,456 |  | 8,004,456 |
| 2035 |  | 6,535,000 |  | 372,731 |  | 6,907,731 |
| 2036 |  | 2,660,000 |  | 161,850 |  | 2,821,850 |
| 2037 |  | 2,735,000 |  | 82,050 |  | 2,817,050 |
| 2038 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2039 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2040 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 128,040,000 | \$ | 34,477,125 | \$ | 162,517,125 |

Debt Service by Institution, continued ${ }^{8}$

| Winthrop |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending June 30 |  | Principal |  | Interest |  | ebt Service |
| 2022 | \$ | 3,815,000 | \$ | 993,300 | \$ | 4,808,300 |
| 2023 |  | 3,305,000 |  | 802,175 |  | 4,107,175 |
| 2024 |  | 3,475,000 |  | 641,150 |  | 4,116,150 |
| 2025 |  | 3,410,000 |  | 474,550 |  | 3,884,550 |
| 2026 |  | 2,315,000 |  | 308,475 |  | 2,623,475 |
| 2027 |  | 1,620,000 |  | 203,750 |  | 1,823,750 |
| 2028 |  | 1,715,000 |  | 122,750 |  | 1,837,750 |
| 2029 |  | 740,000 |  | 37,000 |  | 777,000 |
| 2030 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2031 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2032 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2033 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2034 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2035 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2036 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2037 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2038 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2039 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2040 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 20,395,000 | \$ | 3,583,150 | \$ | 23,978,150 |

[^8]
## Revenue Debt

In addition to the general obligation debt above described, the General Assembly may authorize the State or any of its agencies, authorities or institutions to incur indebtedness for any public purpose payable solely from a revenue producing project or from a special source, which source does not involve revenues from any tax but may include fees paid for the use of any toll bridge, toll road or tunnel. Revenue debt is not generally subject to a legislatively instituted debt service or fixed dollar limitation, with the exception of athletic revenue debt.

The major classes of these bonds and outstanding principal are shown in Figure 22 below and described hereafter.

Figure 22:
Outstanding Principal by Credit



## State Transportation Infrastructure Revenue Bonds

The South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank (the "SCTIB") assists governmental units and private entities in constructing and improving highway and transportation facilities necessary for public purposes, including economic development, by providing loans and other financial assistance. The SCTIB is authorized to issue revenue bonds for such purposes, which are payable from System and Series Payments.

System Payments include a pledge of State truck registration fees for the payment of the SCTIB's revenue bonds; however, that pledge is junior and subordinate to the pledge of the truck registration fees for all general obligation State Highway Bonds.

Figure 23:

| Rating Agency | Rating | Outlook |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Moody's Investors Service | Aa3 | Stable |
| Fitch Ratings | A+ | Positive |

Source: Moody's Investors Service, FitchRatings

Series Payments are payments which are payable to the SCTIB pursuant to one or more agreements executed between the SCTIB and any governmental or private entity.

As shown in Figure 23 above, this revenue credit has earned Aa3/A+ credit ratings from Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings, respectively, with a stable outlook from Moody's and a positive outlook from Fitch. Debt service coverage as of June 30, 2021 was $1.90 x^{9}$. The debt service schedule ${ }^{10}$ for all of the SCTIB's Revenue Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is shown in Figure 24 below:

[^9]Figure 24:

| FY Ending June 30 | Principal |  | Interest |  | Debt Service |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2022 | \$ | 81,780,000 | \$ | 53,793,895 | \$ | 135,573,895 |
| 2023 |  | 58,720,000 |  | 50,332,930 |  | 109,052,930 |
| 2024 |  | 61,000,000 |  | 47,473,150 |  | 108,473,150 |
| 2025 |  | 64,250,000 |  | 44,419,091 |  | 108,669,091 |
| 2026 |  | 75,400,000 |  | 41,058,846 |  | 116,458,846 |
| 2027 |  | 79,115,000 |  | 37,941,010 |  | 117,056,010 |
| 2028 |  | 77,525,000 |  | 34,925,105 |  | 112,450,105 |
| 2029 |  | 81,920,000 |  | 31,885,905 |  | 113,805,905 |
| 2030 |  | 88,960,000 |  | 28,528,624 |  | 117,488,624 |
| 2031 |  | 94,485,000 |  | 24,921,878 |  | 119,406,878 |
| 2032 |  | 101,905,000 |  | 21,146,867 |  | 123,051,867 |
| 2033 |  | 104,010,000 |  | 17,350,175 |  | 121,360,175 |
| 2034 |  | 112,830,000 |  | 13,250,766 |  | 126,080,766 |
| 2035 |  | 30,530,000 |  | 10,578,413 |  | 41,108,413 |
| 2036 |  | 31,695,000 |  | 9,349,825 |  | 41,044,825 |
| 2037 |  | 32,985,000 |  | 8,031,975 |  | 41,016,975 |
| 2038 |  | 34,330,000 |  | 6,657,200 |  | 40,987,200 |
| 2039 |  | 37,780,000 |  | 5,010,750 |  | 42,790,750 |
| 2040 |  | 39,670,000 |  | 3,074,500 |  | 42,744,500 |
| 2041 |  | 41,655,000 |  | 1,041,375 |  | 42,696,375 |
| 2042 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 1,330,545,000 | \$ | 490,772,279 | \$ | 1,821,317,279 |

## Auxiliary Revenue Bonds for Institutions of Higher Learning

Auxiliary revenue bonds are secured by and payable from revenues derived from student or user fees associated with the various auxiliary facilities at the particular institution of higher learning.

The various types of revenue bonds and notes included are:

```
> Higher Education Facilities Revenue > Athletic Facilities
 Student and Faculty Housing > Auxiliary Facilities
Housing and Auxiliary Facilities > Stadium Improvement, and
> Plant Improvement
> Parking Facilities Revenue
```

Figure 25 below shows the par amounts outstanding, credit ratings and debt service coverage ratios as of June 30, 2021:

Figure 25:

| Institution | Revenue Credit | Par <br> Outstanding | Moody's ${ }^{11}$ | Fitch ${ }^{11}$ | Coverage ${ }^{12}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The Citadel | Higher Education | \$6.98 | NR | NR | NA |
| The Citadel | Athletic | \$8.50 | NR | NR | NA |
| Clemson | Higher Education | \$261.07 | Aa2 | AA | $1.8 x$ |
| Clemson | Athletic | \$124.85 | Aa3 | NR | 1.6x |
| Coastal Carolina | Higher Education | \$177.63 | A1 | NR | $3.8 x$ |
| College of Charleston | Higher Education ${ }^{13}$ | \$59.15 | A1 | A+ | $2.7 x$ |
| College of Charleston | Academic \& Admin ${ }^{13}$ | \$119.17 | A1 | A+ | $2.7 x$ |
| Francis Marion | Athletic | \$4.87 | NR | NR | NA |
| MUSC | Higher Education | \$19.47 | A1 | NR | $42.5 x^{14}$ |
| USC | Higher Education | \$390.31 | Aa2 | AA | 1.1x |
| USC | Athletic | \$162.83 | Aa3 | NR | $2.7 x$ |
| Winthrop | Higher Education | \$3.19 | NR | NR | NA |

[^10]The amortization schedules for each credit are included in the following pages.

Figure 26:

## Debt Service by Institution \& Credit ${ }^{15}$

| The Citadel Higher Education Revenue Bonds |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| FY Ending |  |  |  |  |
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Debt Service |  |
| 2022 | $\$$ | 770,000 | $\$$ | 243,428 |
| 2023 | 800,000 | 216,555 | $1,013,428$ |  |
| 2024 | 825,000 | 188,635 | $1,016,555$ |  |
| 2025 | 855,000 | 159,842 | $1,013,635$ |  |
| 2026 | 885,000 | 130,003 | $1,015,003$ |  |
| 2027 | 915,000 | 99,116 | $1,014,116$ |  |
| 2028 | 945,000 | 67,183 | $1,012,183$ |  |
| 2029 | 980,000 | 34,202 | $1,014,202$ |  |
| 2030 |  | - | - |  |
| 2031 |  | - | - | - |
| Total | $\$$ | $6,975,000$ | $\$$ | $1,138,962$ |


| The Citadel Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending June 30 |  | ncipal |  | terest |  | t Service |
| 2022 | \$ | 680,000 | \$ | 396,717 | \$ | 1,076,717 |
| 2023 |  | 710,000 |  | 364,961 |  | 1,074,961 |
| 2024 |  | 745,000 |  | 331,804 |  | 1,076,804 |
| 2025 |  | 780,000 |  | 297,012 |  | 1,077,012 |
| 2026 |  | 820,000 |  | 260,586 |  | 1,080,586 |
| 2027 |  | 865,000 |  | 222,292 |  | 1,087,292 |
| 2028 |  | 905,000 |  | 181,897 |  | 1,086,897 |
| 2029 |  | 950,000 |  | 139,633 |  | 1,089,633 |
| 2030 |  | 995,000 |  | 95,268 |  | 1,090,268 |
| 2031 |  | 1,045,000 |  | 48,802 |  | 1,093,802 |
| Total | \$ | 8,495,000 | \$ | 2,338,970 | \$ | 10,833,970 |


| Clemson Higher Education Revenue Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending June 30 |  | Principal |  | Interest |  | t Service |
| 2022 | \$ | 6,825,000 | \$ | 10,567,201 | \$ | 17,392,201 |
| 2023 |  | 7,170,000 |  | 10,225,951 |  | 17,395,951 |
| 2024 |  | 7,530,000 |  | 9,867,451 |  | 17,397,451 |
| 2025 |  | 7,900,000 |  | 9,490,951 |  | 17,390,951 |
| 2026 |  | 8,295,000 |  | 9,095,951 |  | 17,390,951 |
| 2027 |  | 8,710,000 |  | 8,681,201 |  | 17,391,201 |
| 2028 |  | 8,145,000 |  | 8,245,701 |  | 16,390,701 |
| 2029 |  | 8,425,000 |  | 7,962,426 |  | 16,387,426 |
| 2030 |  | 8,850,000 |  | 7,541,176 |  | 16,391,176 |
| 2031 |  | 9,180,000 |  | 7,211,631 |  | 16,391,631 |
| 2032 |  | 9,515,000 |  | 6,875,231 |  | 16,390,231 |
| 2033 |  | 9,830,000 |  | 6,557,731 |  | 16,387,731 |
| 2034 |  | 10,160,000 |  | 6,229,531 |  | 16,389,531 |
| 2035 |  | 10,495,000 |  | 5,890,081 |  | 16,385,081 |
| 2036 |  | 10,850,000 |  | 5,539,231 |  | 16,389,231 |
| 2037 |  | 11,220,000 |  | 5,167,400 |  | 16,387,400 |
| 2038 |  | 11,670,000 |  | 4,718,600 |  | 16,388,600 |
| 2039 |  | 12,140,000 |  | 4,251,800 |  | 16,391,800 |
| 2040 |  | 12,625,000 |  | 3,766,200 |  | 16,391,200 |
| 2041 |  | 13,130,000 |  | 3,261,200 |  | 16,391,200 |
| 2042 |  | 13,655,000 |  | 2,736,000 |  | 16,391,000 |
| 2043 |  | 14,200,000 |  | 2,189,800 |  | 16,389,800 |
| 2044 |  | 14,765,000 |  | 1,621,800 |  | 16,386,800 |
| 2045 |  | 15,355,000 |  | 1,031,200 |  | 16,386,200 |
| 2046 |  | 10,425,000 |  | 417,000 |  | 10,842,000 |
| 2047 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 261,065,000 | \$ | 149,142,449 | \$ | 410,207,449 |


| Clemson Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| FY Ending |  |  |  |  |
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Debt Service |  |
| 2022 | $\$$ | $4,850,000$ | $\$$ | $4,879,984$ |
| 2023 | $5,040,000$ | $4,718,784$ | $9,729,984$ |  |
| 2024 | $5,350,000$ | $4,517,271$ | $9,758,784$ |  |
| 2025 | $5,600,000$ | $4,269,771$ | $9,867,271$ |  |
| 2026 | $3,420,000$ | $4,025,471$ | $7,445,471$ |  |
| 2027 | $3,570,000$ | $3,872,206$ | $7,442,206$ |  |
| 2028 | $3,735,000$ | $3,711,806$ | $7,446,806$ |  |
| 2029 | $3,915,000$ | $3,525,056$ | $7,440,056$ |  |
| 2030 | $4,085,000$ | $3,364,606$ | $7,449,606$ |  |
| 2031 | $4,235,000$ | $3,204,556$ | $7,439,556$ |  |
| 2032 | $4,405,000$ | $3,036,581$ | $7,441,581$ |  |
| 2033 | $4,565,000$ | $2,880,431$ | $7,445,431$ |  |
| 2034 | $4,725,000$ | $2,717,756$ | $7,442,756$ |  |
| 2035 | $4,900,000$ | $2,547,506$ | $7,447,506$ |  |
| 2036 | $5,075,000$ | $2,369,044$ | $7,444,044$ |  |
| 2037 | $5,260,000$ | $2,183,319$ | $7,443,319$ |  |
| 2038 | $5,455,000$ | $1,988,150$ | $7,443,150$ |  |
| 2039 | $5,665,000$ | $1,782,763$ | $7,447,763$ |  |
| 2040 | $5,875,000$ | $1,568,800$ | $7,443,800$ |  |
| 2041 | $6,100,000$ | $1,345,938$ | $7,445,938$ |  |
| 2042 | $6,320,000$ | $1,114,488$ | $7,434,488$ |  |
| 2043 | $6,570,000$ | 869,888 | $7,439,888$ |  |
| 2044 | $6,825,000$ | 615,588 | $7,440,588$ |  |
| 2045 | $7,095,000$ | 351,388 | $7,446,388$ |  |
| 2046 | $1,565,000$ | 75,925 | $1,640,925$ |  |
| 2047 | 650,000 | 21,938 | 671,938 |  |
| Total | $\$$ | $124,850,000$ | $\$$ | $65,559,013$ |
|  | $\$$ | $190,409,013$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

[^11]Debt Service by Institution \& Credit, continued ${ }^{16}$

| Coastal Carolina Higher Education Revenue Bonds |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| FY Ending |  |  |  |  |
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Debt Service |  |
| 2022 | $\$$ | $6,863,309$ | $\$$ | $6,256,959$ |
| 2023 | $7,154,323$ | $5,974,392$ | $13,120,268$ |  |
| 2024 | $7,367,843$ | $5,752,145$ | $13,128,715$ |  |
| 2025 | $7,632,802$ | $5,484,101$ | $13,116,988$ |  |
| 2026 | $7,911,128$ | $5,205,355$ | $13,116,483$ |  |
| 2027 | $6,850,000$ | $4,920,905$ | $11,770,905$ |  |
| 2028 | $7,115,000$ | $4,648,361$ | $11,763,361$ |  |
| 2029 | $7,340,000$ | $4,423,649$ | $11,763,649$ |  |
| 2030 | $7,565,000$ | $4,200,599$ | $11,765,599$ |  |
| 2031 | $7,795,000$ | $3,965,224$ | $11,760,224$ |  |
| 2032 | $8,050,000$ | $3,717,036$ | $11,767,036$ |  |
| 2033 | $8,300,000$ | $3,457,699$ | $11,757,699$ |  |
| 2034 | $8,585,000$ | $3,185,543$ | $11,770,543$ |  |
| 2035 | $8,890,000$ | $2,880,836$ | $11,770,836$ |  |
| 2036 | $9,515,000$ | $2,574,511$ | $12,089,511$ |  |
| 2037 | $9,850,000$ | $2,243,644$ | $12,093,644$ |  |
| 2038 | $10,195,000$ | $1,898,975$ | $12,093,975$ |  |
| 2039 | $10,550,000$ | $1,537,050$ | $12,087,050$ |  |
| 2040 | $10,935,000$ | $1,156,650$ | $12,091,650$ |  |
| 2041 | $8,105,000$ | 744,163 | $8,849,163$ |  |
| 2042 | $7,100,000$ | 429,525 | $7,529,525$ |  |
| 2043 | $1,945,000$ | 158,600 | $2,103,600$ |  |
| 2044 | $2,020,000$ | 80,800 | $2,100,800$ |  |
| Total | $\$$ | $177,634,405$ | $\$$ | $74,896,720$ |
|  |  | $\$ 252,531,125$ |  |  |

College of Charleston Higher Education Revenue Bonds

| FY Ending June 30 | Principal |  | Interest |  | Debt Service |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2022 | \$ | 3,295,000 | \$ | 2,218,206 | \$ | 5,513,206 |
| 2023 |  | 3,420,000 |  | 2,086,856 |  | 5,506,856 |
| 2024 |  | 3,560,000 |  | 1,950,256 |  | 5,510,256 |
| 2025 |  | 3,715,000 |  | 1,794,756 |  | 5,509,756 |
| 2026 |  | 3,865,000 |  | 1,645,706 |  | 5,510,706 |
| 2027 |  | 4,025,000 |  | 1,476,456 |  | 5,501,456 |
| 2028 |  | 4,190,000 |  | 1,313,006 |  | 5,503,006 |
| 2029 |  | 4,360,000 |  | 1,142,456 |  | 5,502,456 |
| 2030 |  | 4,530,000 |  | 961,281 |  | 5,491,281 |
| 2031 |  | 4,675,000 |  | 818,619 |  | 5,493,619 |
| 2032 |  | 4,830,000 |  | 665,538 |  | 5,495,538 |
| 2033 |  | 3,265,000 |  | 502,088 |  | 3,767,088 |
| 2034 |  | 2,715,000 |  | 392,800 |  | 3,107,800 |
| 2035 |  | 2,805,000 |  | 301,169 |  | 3,106,169 |
| 2036 |  | 2,900,000 |  | 206,500 |  | 3,106,500 |
| 2037 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 105,000 |  | 3,105,000 |
| 2038 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2039 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2040 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2041 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2042 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2043 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2044 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 59,150,000 | \$ | 17,580,694 | \$ | 76,730,694 |

[^12]Debt Service by Institution \& Credit, continued ${ }^{17}$

| College of Charleston Academic \& Admin Fac Rev Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  | Francis Marion Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending June 30 |  | Principal |  | Interest |  | Debt Service | FY Ending June 30 |  | Principal |  | Interest |  | Service |
| 2022 | \$ | 4,760,000 | \$ | 4,599,634 | \$ | 9,359,634 | 2022 | \$ | 440,000 | \$ | 231,321 | \$ | 671,321 |
| 2023 |  | 4,990,000 |  | 4,359,150 |  | 9,349,150 | 2023 |  | 460,000 |  | 208,911 |  | 668,911 |
| 2024 |  | 5,235,000 |  | 4,122,250 |  | 9,357,250 | 2024 |  | 485,000 |  | 185,381 |  | 670,381 |
| 2025 |  | 5,480,000 |  | 3,873,600 |  | 9,353,600 | 2025 |  | 510,000 |  | 160,605 |  | 670,605 |
| 2026 |  | 5,720,000 |  | 3,626,700 |  | 9,346,700 | 2026 |  | 535,000 |  | 134,585 |  | 669,585 |
| 2027 |  | 5,975,000 |  | 3,368,600 |  | 9,343,600 | 2027 |  | 565,000 |  | 107,195 |  | 672,195 |
| 2028 |  | 6,210,000 |  | 3,130,356 |  | 9,340,356 | 2028 |  | 590,000 |  | 78,435 |  | 668,435 |
| 2029 |  | 6,465,000 |  | 2,878,194 |  | 9,343,194 | 2029 |  | 625,000 |  | 48,182 |  | 673,182 |
| 2030 |  | 6,730,000 |  | 2,612,956 |  | 9,342,956 | 2030 |  | 655,000 |  | 16,310 |  | 671,310 |
| 2031 |  | 6,975,000 |  | 2,367,231 |  | 9,342,231 | 2031 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2032 |  | 7,230,000 |  | 2,107,806 |  | 9,337,806 | 2032 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2033 |  | 7,470,000 |  | 1,870,300 |  | 9,340,300 | 2033 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2034 |  | 7,705,000 |  | 1,637,738 |  | 9,342,738 | 2034 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2035 |  | 6,085,000 |  | 1,392,481 |  | 7,477,481 | 2035 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2036 |  | 6,270,000 |  | 1,204,113 |  | 7,474,113 | 2036 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2037 |  | 6,475,000 |  | 996,400 |  | 7,471,400 | 2037 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2038 |  | 2,455,000 |  | 775,600 |  | 3,230,600 | 2038 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2039 |  | 2,555,000 |  | 677,400 |  | 3,232,400 | 2039 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2040 |  | 2,655,000 |  | 575,200 |  | 3,230,200 | 2040 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2041 |  | 2,760,000 |  | 469,000 |  | 3,229,000 | 2041 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2042 |  | 2,875,000 |  | 358,600 |  | 3,233,600 | 2042 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2043 |  | 2,985,000 |  | 243,600 |  | 3,228,600 | 2043 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2044 |  | 3,105,000 |  | 124,200 |  | 3,229,200 | 2044 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 119,165,000 | \$ | 47,371,109 | \$ | 166,536,109 | Total | \$ | 4,865,000 | \$ | 1,170,923 | \$ | 6,035,923 |

[^13]Debt Service by Institution \& Credit, continued ${ }^{18}$

| MUSC Higher Education Revenue Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  | USC Higher Education Revenue Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending June 30 |  | Principal |  | Interest |  | t Service | FY Ending June 30 |  | Principal |  | Interest |  | bt Service |
| 2022 | \$ | 1,565,000 | \$ | 784,119 | \$ | 2,349,119 | 2022 | \$ | 11,545,000 | \$ | 16,940,722 | \$ | 28,485,722 |
| 2023 |  | 1,645,000 |  | 703,869 |  | 2,348,869 | 2023 |  | 12,120,000 |  | 17,662,986 |  | 29,782,986 |
| 2024 |  | 1,730,000 |  | 619,494 |  | 2,349,494 | 2024 |  | 15,830,000 |  | 17,056,986 |  | 32,886,986 |
| 2025 |  | 1,810,000 |  | 540,044 |  | 2,350,044 | 2025 |  | 16,465,000 |  | 16,418,664 |  | 32,883,664 |
| 2026 |  | 1,895,000 |  | 456,469 |  | 2,351,469 | 2026 |  | 16,285,000 |  | 15,737,486 |  | 32,022,486 |
| 2027 |  | 1,990,000 |  | 359,344 |  | 2,349,344 | 2027 |  | 16,975,000 |  | 15,079,188 |  | 32,054,188 |
| 2028 |  | 2,090,000 |  | 257,344 |  | 2,347,344 | 2028 |  | 15,315,000 |  | 14,230,438 |  | 29,545,438 |
| 2029 |  | 2,180,000 |  | 172,394 |  | 2,352,394 | 2029 |  | 16,055,000 |  | 13,494,288 |  | 29,549,288 |
| 2030 |  | 2,245,000 |  | 106,019 |  | 2,351,019 | 2030 |  | 16,855,000 |  | 12,691,538 |  | 29,546,538 |
| 2031 |  | 2,315,000 |  | 36,172 |  | 2,351,172 | 2031 |  | 17,705,000 |  | 11,848,788 |  | 29,553,788 |
| 2032 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2032 |  | 17,420,000 |  | 10,963,538 |  | 28,383,538 |
| 2033 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2033 |  | 18,255,000 |  | 10,132,038 |  | 28,387,038 |
| 2034 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2034 |  | 18,300,000 |  | 9,260,050 |  | 27,560,050 |
| 2035 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2035 |  | 17,390,000 |  | 8,353,575 |  | 25,743,575 |
| 2036 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2036 |  | 12,625,000 |  | 7,492,875 |  | 20,117,875 |
| 2037 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2037 |  | 13,265,000 |  | 6,861,625 |  | 20,126,625 |
| 2038 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2038 |  | 13,880,000 |  | 6,246,925 |  | 20,126,925 |
| 2039 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2039 |  | 10,270,000 |  | 5,603,425 |  | 15,873,425 |
| 2040 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2040 |  | 9,730,000 |  | 5,099,925 |  | 14,829,925 |
| 2041 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2041 |  | 8,530,000 |  | 4,630,925 |  | 13,160,925 |
| 2042 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2042 |  | 8,940,000 |  | 4,222,613 |  | 13,162,613 |
| 2043 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2043 |  | 9,365,000 |  | 3,794,488 |  | 13,159,488 |
| 2044 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2044 |  | 8,190,000 |  | 3,345,800 |  | 11,535,800 |
| 2045 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2045 |  | 8,600,000 |  | 2,936,300 |  | 11,536,300 |
| 2046 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2046 |  | 9,030,000 |  | 2,506,300 |  | 11,536,300 |
| 2047 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2047 |  | 9,485,000 |  | 2,054,800 |  | 11,539,800 |
| 2048 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2048 |  | 9,865,000 |  | 1,675,400 |  | 11,540,400 |
| 2049 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2049 |  | 10,255,000 |  | 1,280,800 |  | 11,535,800 |
| 2050 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2050 |  | 10,670,000 |  | 870,600 |  | 11,540,600 |
| 2051 |  | - |  | - |  | - | 2051 |  | 11,095,000 |  | 443,800 |  | 11,538,800 |
| Total | \$ | 19,465,000 | \$ | 4,035,266 | \$ | 23,500,266 | Total | \$ | 390,310,000 | \$ | 248,936,881 | \$ | 639,246,881 |

[^14]Debt Service by Institution \& Credit, continued ${ }^{19}$

| USC Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending |  |  |  |  |
| June 30 | Principal | Interest | Debt Service |  |
| 2022 | $\$$ | $4,945,000$ | $\$$ |  |
| 2023 | $5,175,000$ | $7,241,206$ | $\$$ |  |
| 2024 | $5,425,000$ | $6,956,231$ | $12,38,206$ |  |
| 2025 | $5,690,000$ | $6,693,644$ | $12,381,231$ |  |
| 2026 | $6,035,000$ | $6,417,044$ | $12,453,644$ |  |
| 2027 | $6,465,000$ | $6,124,544$ | $12,589,544$ |  |
| 2028 | $6,885,000$ | $5,830,769$ | $12,715,769$ |  |
| 2029 | $7,195,000$ | $5,530,619$ | $12,725,619$ |  |
| 2030 | $7,530,000$ | $5,195,544$ | $12,725,544$ |  |
| 2031 | $7,885,000$ | $4,844,619$ | $12,729,619$ |  |
| 2032 | $8,235,000$ | $4,489,244$ | $12,724,244$ |  |
| 2033 | $7,210,000$ | $4,135,531$ | $11,345,531$ |  |
| 2034 | $7,535,000$ | $3,811,888$ | $11,346,888$ |  |
| 2035 | $7,875,000$ | $3,471,700$ | $11,346,700$ |  |
| 2036 | $8,250,000$ | $3,097,950$ | $11,347,950$ |  |
| 2037 | $8,645,000$ | $2,706,300$ | $11,351,300$ |  |
| 2038 | $9,055,000$ | $2,295,750$ | $11,350,750$ |  |
| 2039 | $7,770,000$ | $1,882,200$ | $9,652,200$ |  |
| 2040 | $8,135,000$ | $1,517,500$ | $9,652,500$ |  |
| 2041 | $4,475,000$ | $1,135,500$ | $5,610,500$ |  |
| 2042 | $4,675,000$ | 937,500 | $5,612,500$ |  |
| 2043 | $4,120,000$ | 730,550 | $4,850,550$ |  |
| 2044 | $4,300,000$ | 544,800 | $4,844,800$ |  |
| 2045 | $4,475,000$ | 372,800 | $4,847,800$ |  |
| 2046 | $2,375,000$ | 193,800 | $2,568,800$ |  |
| 2047 | $2,470,000$ | 98,800 | $2,568,800$ |  |
| Total | $\$$ | $162,830,000$ | $\$$ |  |
|  |  | $93,661,638$ | $\$$ |  |
|  | $256,491,638$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Winthrop Higher Education Revenue Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY Ending June 30 | Principal |  | Interest |  | Debt Service |  |
| 2022 | \$ | 1,305,000 | \$ | 66,737 | \$ | 1,371,737 |
| 2023 |  | 1,325,000 |  | 39,936 |  | 1,364,936 |
| 2024 |  | 560,000 |  | 12,651 |  | 572,651 |
| 2025 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2026 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2027 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2028 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2029 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2030 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2031 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2032 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2033 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2034 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2035 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2036 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2037 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2038 |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2039 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2040 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2041 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2042 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2043 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2044 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2045 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2046 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2047 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 3,190,000 | \$ | 119,324 | \$ | 3,309,324 |

[^15]
## State Ports Authority Revenue Bonds

State Ports Authority Revenue Bonds are payable from certain revenues generated at the South Carolina State Ports Authority's facilities.

Figure 27:
As of June 30, 2021, State Ports Authority Revenue Bonds were outstanding in the principal amount of $\$ 1,099,974,000$. The senior lien debt service coverage ratio was $\mathbf{2 . 4 4} \mathrm{x}^{20}$.

| Rating Agency | Rating | Outlook |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Moody's Investors Service | A1 | Stable |
| S\&P Global Rating | A+ | Stable |

Source: emma.msrb.org, Moody's Investors Service, S\&P Global Ratings

## State Education Assistance Authority Guaranteed Loan Revenue Bonds

The State Fiscal Accountability Authority, acting as the State Education Assistance Authority, is authorized to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of obtaining monies to lend to South Carolina students pursuing courses in higher education. State Education Assistance Authority Guaranteed Student Loan Revenue Bonds are payable from revenues derived by way of repayment of such students' loans, which loans are insured as provided in the Higher Education Act of 1965.

As of June 30, 2021, State Education Assistance Authority Guaranteed Loan Revenue Bonds were outstanding in the principal amount of $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 0 2 5 , 0 0 0}$.

Figure 28:

| Rating Agency | Rating | Outlook |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S\&P Global Rating | AAA | None |

Source: emma.msrb.org, S\&P Global Ratings

## The Medical University of SC Hospital Facilities Revenue Bonds

The Medical University Hospital Authority ("MUHA") issues revenue bonds payable from revenues derived from the operation of the hospital facilities of The Medical University of South Carolina ("MUSC") for the purpose of providing such facilities.

[^16]As of June 30, 2021, MUHA Hospital Facilities Revenue Bonds were outstanding in the principal amount of $\$ \mathbf{8 1 8 , 5 0 2 , 1 7 8}$.

## SC Public Service Authority Revenue Bonds

The South Carolina Public Service Authority ("Authority"), also known as Santee Cooper, is an autonomous State agency which owns and operates electric generation and distribution facilities as well as wholesale water distribution facilities in certain counties in the State. The Authority issues revenue bonds payable solely from revenues derived by and from its operations.

As of December 31, 2020, SC Public Service Authority Revenue Bonds were outstanding in the principal amount of $\$ 6,645,247,000$.

The senior lien debt service coverage ratio as of December 31, 2020 was $1.46 \mathrm{x}^{21}$.

Figure 29:

| Rating Agency | Rating | Outlook |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Fitch Ratings | A- | Stable |
| Moody's Investors Service | A2 | Stable |
| S\&P Global Rating | A | Stable |

Source: emma.msrb.org, Moody's Investors Service, S\&P Global Ratings, FitchRatings

## State Housing Finance \& Development Authority Revenue Bonds

The State Housing Finance and Development Authority provides financing for housing for qualifying persons of low to moderate income. Its bonds are issued to fund several different single-family programs and are payable from amounts received on mortgages purchased with bond proceeds.

As of June 30, 2021, State Housing Finance \& Development Authority Revenue Bonds were outstanding in the principal amount of $\$ 675,850,115$. All bonds outstanding under the Authority's active single family homeownership programs have been assigned the rating shown in Figure 30 to the right.

Figure 30:

| Rating Agency | Rating | Outlook |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Moody's Investors Service | Aaa | None |

Source: emma.msrb.org, Moody's Investors Service

[^17]The Authority also serves as a conduit bond issuer for multifamily housing revenue bonds issued for the benefit of for-profit or non-profit housing sponsors for which the Authority bears no financial responsibility of payment.

## Educational Facilities Authority for Private Nonprofit Institutions of Higher Learning

The State Fiscal Accountability Authority, acting as the Educational Facilities Authority for Private Nonprofit Institutions of Higher Learning, is authorized to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of providing facilities for use by private, nonprofit institutions of higher learning. Such revenue bonds are payable solely from revenues derived from the leasing and sale of such facilities or loaning the proceeds of such bonds to such institutions.

As of June 30, 2021, Education Facilities Authority Revenue Bonds were outstanding in the principal amount of $\mathbf{\$ 1 3 8 , 1 6 0 , 6 7 5}$.

## Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds

On November 23, 1998, a Master Settlement Agreement (the "MSA") was entered into by participating cigarette manufacturers, 46 states, and six other U.S. jurisdictions in connection with the settlement of certain smoking-related litigation. Pursuant to the Tobacco Settlement Revenue Management Authority Act (the "Act"), the State transferred to the Tobacco Settlement Revenue Management Authority (the "Authority") all of its right, title, and interest in payments due to the State under the MSA after June 30, 2001. Subsequently, the Authority issued the following Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds secured by and payable from the tobacco settlement revenues and investment earnings thereon as established under the bond indenture:
> March 22, 2001: \$934,530,000
> June 26, 2008: \$275,730,000
As of June 1, 2012, all of the State's Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds had been retired or defeased. While the Authority still exists and the State continues to receive tobacco settlement revenues, there is currently no approved plan to issue more bonds.

## Lease Revenue Bonds

Figure 31:
The State Fiscal Accountability Authority is empowered by certain legislative acts to issue lease and installment purchase revenue bonds. These bonds are payable from the lease and installment purchase revenues provided by the facilities purchased with the proceeds of such bonds.

| Rating Agency | Rating | Outlook |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Fitch Ratings | $\mathrm{AA}+$ | Stable |
| Moody's Investors <br> Service | Aa 1 | Stable |

Source: emma.msrb.org, Moody's Investors Service, FitchRatings

The debt service schedule ${ }^{22}$ for all of the Lease Revenue Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is shown in Figure 32 below:

Figure 32:

| FY Ending June 30 | Principal |  | Interest |  | Debt Service |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2022 | \$ | 1,270,000 | \$ | 1,493,619 | \$ | 2,763,619 |
| 2023 |  | 1,335,000 |  | 1,428,494 |  | 2,763,494 |
| 2024 |  | 1,400,000 |  | 1,360,119 |  | 2,760,119 |
| 2025 |  | 1,475,000 |  | 1,288,244 |  | 2,763,244 |
| 2026 |  | 1,550,000 |  | 1,212,619 |  | 2,762,619 |
| 2027 |  | 1,630,000 |  | 1,133,119 |  | 2,763,119 |
| 2028 |  | 1,710,000 |  | 1,049,619 |  | 2,759,619 |
| 2029 |  | 1,800,000 |  | 961,869 |  | 2,761,869 |
| 2030 |  | 1,895,000 |  | 869,494 |  | 2,764,494 |
| 2031 |  | 1,990,000 |  | 772,369 |  | 2,762,369 |
| 2032 |  | 2,090,000 |  | 670,369 |  | 2,760,369 |
| 2033 |  | 2,200,000 |  | 563,119 |  | 2,763,119 |
| 2034 |  | 2,290,000 |  | 470,906 |  | 2,760,906 |
| 2035 |  | 2,375,000 |  | 386,194 |  | 2,761,194 |
| 2036 |  | 2,475,000 |  | 289,194 |  | 2,764,194 |
| 2037 |  | 2,575,000 |  | 187,222 |  | 2,762,222 |
| 2038 |  | 2,695,000 |  | 67,375 |  | 2,762,375 |
| 2039 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2040 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2041 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 2042 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 32,755,000 | \$ | 14,203,941 | \$ | 46,958,941 |

[^18]
[^0]:    NOTE: Electronic versions of this report and those documents referenced in the Treasurer's letter can be found here:
    Annual Debt Report: https://treasurer.sc.gov/media/82161/annual-state-debt-report-fy21.pdf Debt Infographic: https://treasurer.sc.gov/media/82159/fy21-state-debt-infographic.pdf Legal Margin Summary Document: https://treasurer.sc.gov/media/82160/fy21-legal-margin-summary.pdf

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ FitchRatings, "Fitch Affirms South Carolina’s 'AAA' IDR, Assigns 'AAA' to \$206MM GO Bonds; Outlook Stable", December 23, 2020. Moody's Investors Service, "Rating Action: Moody's assigns Aaa to South Carolina's $\$ 207$ million of Series 2021 General Obligation bonds; outlook stable", December 30, 2020. S\&P Global Ratings, "Summary: South Carolina; General Obligation", December 21, 2020.

[^2]:    ${ }^{2}$ General revenues are those tax revenues collected by the state in its general fund, including the individual and corporate income taxes, the sales tax, and more than twenty other classes of tax revenue, adjusted for certain amounts designated for specific statutory purposes.

[^3]:    ${ }^{3}$ General revenues are those tax revenues collected by the state in its general fund, including the individual and corporate income taxes, the sales tax, and more than twenty other classes of tax revenue, adjusted for certain amounts designated for specific statutory purposes.

[^4]:    ${ }^{4}$ General revenues are those tax revenues collected by the state in its general fund, including the individual and corporate income taxes, the sales tax, and more than twenty other classes of tax revenue, adjusted for certain amounts designated for specific statutory purposes.

[^5]:    ${ }^{5}$ Revenues designated by the General Assembly for state highway purposes are taxes or licenses imposed upon individuals or vehicles for the privilege of using the public highways of the state. These include certain user fees and taxes imposed on motor fuels and the motor vehicle license tax imposed on the owners of motor and other vehicles.

[^6]:    ${ }^{6}$ Totals may not foot due to rounding.

[^7]:    ${ }^{7}$ Totals may not foot due to rounding.

[^8]:    8 Totals may not foot due to rounding.

[^9]:    ${ }^{9}$ Source: South Carolina Infrastructure Bank Annual Report as of June 30, 2021
    ${ }^{10}$ Totals may not foot due to rounding (table on following page).

[^10]:    ${ }^{11}$ Source: emma.msrb.org
    ${ }^{12}$ Source: Respective institution's audited financial statements as of June 30, 2021
    ${ }^{13}$ The College of Charleston's Higher Education Facilities Revenue Bonds and Academic and Administrative Facilities Revenue Bonds are on parity with one another
    ${ }^{14}$ Coverage ratio includes Net Revenue and Additional Funds, both of which are pledged to the bonds

[^11]:    ${ }^{15}$ Totals may not foot due to rounding.

[^12]:    ${ }^{16}$ Totals may not foot due to rounding.

[^13]:    ${ }^{17}$ Totals may not foot due to rounding.

[^14]:    18 Totals may not foot due to rounding.

[^15]:    19 Totals may not foot due to rounding.

[^16]:    20 Source: SC Ports Authority Audited Financial Report as of June 30, 2021

[^17]:    ${ }^{21}$ Source: Santee Cooper Annual Report as of December 31, 2020

[^18]:    22 Totals may not foot due to rounding.

